STATE OF INDIANA ) ) )		IN THE HAMILTON COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT 5	
	)	CAUSE NO. 29D05	
MISDEMEANOR AND LEVEL 6 FELONY ADVISEMENT FORM			
(For offenses committed on or after January 1, 2015)			
Before the Court may accept a guilty plea, you must be informed of certain facts and certain rights that you have. You must read this document carefully and initial each paragraph.			
	\$10,000 fine; the minimum penalty is 6 months the Court must assess court costs. The Coprobation. If you plead guilty to a Level 6 Fe	y is 2.5 years imprisonment at the Department of Correction and a ths imprisonment at the Department of Correction and no fine; but urt may suspend all or part of the imprisonment and place you on elony, the Court may sentence you as a <b>Class A Misdemeanor</b> a prior, unrelated Class D Felony or Level 6 Felony and that prior he commission of this offense.	
	<b>Misdemeanor</b> , the maximum penalty is 180 the maximum penalty is 60 days in jail and a	n penalty is 365 days in jail and a fine of \$5,000. For a Class B days in jail and a fine of \$1,000. For a Class C Misdemeanor, a fine of \$500. For any misdemeanor, the minimum penalty is no no probation for up to 1 year. The Court must assess court costs.	
	consecutively (one after the other). Also, an consecutive to a sentence you were serving may be serving or will be serving for a proba-	the Court may impose the penalties concurrently (together), or may sentence that you may receive for this offense must be at the time of this offense, or consecutive to any sentence you ation or parole violation, or other pending charge. Also, your guilty obation, or parole that you are currently serving, or may affect your	
	If you have a prior history of juvenile or crim would otherwise receive.	inal offenses, the Court may impose a harsher penalty than you	
	one for you. An attorney can help you prepare pleading guilty without an attorney, you should negotiations and better able to identify and exproblems in the State's case. An attorney means the state of the state o	attorney. If you cannot afford an attorney, the Court will appoint are your case for trial and subpoena witnesses for you. If you are all the work that an attorney is usually more experienced in plea evaluate any potential defenses and evidentiary or procedural hay be able to obtain a more favorable sentence through a plea att an attorney, you will be giving up this assistance.	
	examine witnesses against you; the right to cannot be forced to testify against yourself a guilty beyond a reasonable doubt at a trial b	ial by a jury or by the Court; the right to confront and cross- subpoena witnesses at no cost; the right to remain silent (you at any hearing or trial); the right to require the State to prove you efore you can be convicted of any criminal offense; and the right to be judge. By pleading guilty, you will give up each one of these	
	Bureau of Motor Vehicles. The conviction m Court determines by clear and convincing evan Habitual Traffic Violator, the Court must of	e operation of a motor vehicle, your conviction will be sent to the nay count toward you being an Habitual Traffic Violator. If the vidence at your sentencing hearing that your conviction makes you order that your driving privileges be suspended for a period to be (either 5 or 10 years). The Court may grant specialized driving	
	statutory limit for alcohol, or with a controlled	e operation of a motor vehicle while intoxicated, or in excess of the d substance or its metabolite in your body, this conviction may trual Vehicle Substance Offender and that status could be used to es.	

Date:		Date:		
Attorn	ney Do	efendant		
	I hereby certify that I am pleading guilty knowingly and have been used to make me plead guilty, that I have restranslated or read to me, that I understand each paragrand give up each and every right listed.	ad the above statements or that they were		
	If the Court places you on probation, you must sign an Order of Probation and agree to all standard conditions of probation and any special conditions required by the Court or by your plea agreement. If you violate a condition of probation, a petition to revoke your probation may be filed within one year after the termination of your probation or 45 days after the State receives notice of the violation, whichever is earlier.			
	If you and the State have entered into a plea agreement, and if the Court accepts the plea agreement, then the Court is bound by the terms of the plea agreement.			
	If you are not a U.S. citizen, a criminal conviction may have immigration consequences, including deportation. You should discuss this possibility with your attorney because if you do plead guilty, it will result in a criminal conviction.			
	If you plead guilty to <b>Illegal Consumption or Transportation of Alcohol by a Minor</b> (Ind. Code 7.1-5-7-7) and if you were operating a motor vehicle at the time of the offense, the Court may suspend your driver's license for up to 1 year.			
	If you plead guilty to <b>Driving While Suspended</b> as a Class A Misdemeanor or a Level 6 Felony, the Court may suspend your driving privileges for up to 1 year. If you do not have a commercial driver's license, the Court may grant specialized driving privileges.			
	If you plead guilty to <b>Operating While an Habitual Traffic Violator</b> (Ind. Code 9-30-10-16) and receive a felony conviction, the Court must order your privilege of operating a motor vehicle <b>forfeited for life</b> .			
	If you plead guilty to <b>Operating With a Controlled Substance or Metabolite in Your Body</b> [Ind. Code 9-30-5-1(c)], the Court must suspend your driving privileges for at least 180 days but not more than 2 years.			
	If you plead guilty to <b>Operating While Intoxicated as a Level 6 Felony</b> (Ind. Code 9-30-5-3), and if you have one previous conviction of operating while intoxicated, the Court must sentence you to at least 5 actual days imprisonment or 180 hours of community service.			
	If you plead guilty to <b>Operating While Intoxicated as a Misdemeanor</b> [Ind. Code 9-30-5-1(a) or 9-30-5-1(b) or 9-30-5-2], and if you have one previous conviction of operating while intoxicated, the Court must sentence you to at least 5 actual days imprisonment or 180 hours of community service. If you have two or more previous convictions of operating while intoxicated, the Court must sentence you to at least 10 actual days imprisonment or 360 hours of community service.			
	If you plead guilty to <b>Operating While Intoxicated as a Misdemeanor</b> [Ind. Code 9-30-5-1(a) or 9-30-5-1(b) or 9-30-5-2] <b>or as a Level 6 Felony</b> (Ind. Code 9-30-5-3), the Court may suspend your driving privileges for use to 2 years. If you did not refuse the chemical test and do not have a commercial driver's license, the Court may grant specialized driving privileges for no less than 180 days of any suspension imposed.			
	If you plead guilty to <b>Dealing in Marijuana</b> (Ind. Code 35-48-4-10 or <b>Dealing in a Schedule V Controlled Substance</b> (Ind. Code 35-48-4-4(a)), and if you used a vehicle to commit the offense, then the Court may suspend your license to operate a motor vehicle, your existing motor vehicle registrations, and your ability to register motor vehicles, for up to 2 years.			
	If you admit/plead guilty to an <b>Habitual Vehicle Substance Offender</b> enhancement, the Court <u>must</u> sentence you to an additional fixed term of at least 1 year, but no more than 8 years.			